Hall littlet No.	Hall Ticket No:											Course Code: 14MBA11T04
------------------	-----------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-------------------------

MADANAPALLE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE, MADANAPALLE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

MBA I Year I Semester (R14) Supplementary End Semester Examinations – January 2019

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGERS

Time: 3Hrs Max Marks: 60

Attempt all the questions. All parts of the question must be answered in one place only. In Q.no 1 to 5 answer either Part A or Part B only. Q.no 6 which is a case study is compulsory.

Q.1(A) Define Accounting. Explain accounting concepts and conventions.

10M

OR

Q.1(B) Amit's Trial Balance as on 31st March, 2007 is given below. You are required to prepare Trading 10M and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 2007 and Balance Sheet as on that date after taking into account the given adjustments.

Trial Balance as on 31st March, 2007

Particulars	Amt.	Particulars	Amt. (Rs.)
	(Rs.)		
Purchases	98,000	Capital	
Machinery	4,000		70,000
Building	1,00,000		
Stock (1.04.2006)	15,000	Reserve	7,000
Printing and Stationery	1,750	Creditors	45,000
Sundry Debtors	35,000	Bank overdraft	12,000
Salaries	11,000		
Insurance	700	Sales	1,58,000
Sundry Expenses	3,500	Bills payable	250
Furniture	8,000	Purchase Returns	3,500
Investment	10,000		
Cash	4,000		
Advertisement	800		
Carriage Inwards	1,300		
Travelling Expenses	2,700		
	2,95,750		2,95,750

Adjustments:

- (1) Closing stock is valued at the cost of Rs. 15,000.
- (2) Outstanding salaries Rs.3,500.
- (3) Outstanding interest receivable on investment Rs.600.
- (4) Depreciate machinery by 10%.
- (5) Charge 5% for bad debts.
- (6) Prepaid insurance Rs.150.

Q.2(A)	What is 'depreciation'? Explain various methods of providing depreciation on fixed assets.	10M
	OR	
Q.2(B)	Narrate the First-in-First-out (FIFO) and Last-in-First-out (LIFO) methods of valuation of material issues. Discuss the impact of increase and decrease in prices on these methods of pricing of material issues.	10M

Q.6	CASE STUDY	10M
Q.5(B	Distinguish between manual accounting and computerised accounting.	10M
	OR	
Q.5(A	What do you mean by computerized accounting? Explain the need for computerized accounting.	10M
Q.4(B	What do you mean by the term 'funds'? How is funds flow statement prepared?	10M
	OR	
Q.4(A) Distinguish between a funds flow statement and a cash flow statement.	10M
Q.3(B	Define a 'debenture' and explain various types of debentures.	10M
	OR	
Q.3(A) What do you mean by forfeiture of shares? Explain the rules relating to re-issue of forfeited shares.	10M

Analyse the financial condition of the Pepsico company based on the following results.

Particulars Current ratio Quick ratio Inventory turnover ratio Gross profit margin ratio Net profit margin ratio Operating profit ratio	Coca	-cola		
	2015-16	2016-17		
Current ratio	1.05	1.09		
Quick ratio	0.92	0.97		
Inventory turnover ratio	5.90	5.80		
Gross profit margin ratio	60.90	60.32		
Net profit margin ratio	18.40	18.78		
Operating profit ratio	21.80	24.59		

END

Hall Ticket	t No:			William Mary		A A CALL OF THE CA			Cours	se Cod	le: 14M	BA11T06
WAD	ANAPALLE IN	!STI T				NOLC		SCIEN	ICE, I	MAD	ANAI	PALLE
	Year I Semeste	•				•	d Seme		kamir			
Time:				and a fermina special	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	an engage entering property and the an encoderator					lax Mai	rks: 60
l r	Attempt all the on Q.no 1 to 5 answe		-									ry.
Q.1(A)	What are the coper week at a rupees to produweek for maximum	price ce x ui	P = 20 nits. De	– 0.00 termi	1x ru	pees e num	each wl ber of it	hen it	costs	C = 5	$\dot{x} + 2000$) .
					O	R						
Q.1(B)	Solve the system $9x + 10y + 2z = 8$				S		y + 3z =	85				10M
Q.2(A)	Find the mean a	nd med	dian for	the fo	ollowi	ing dat	a					10M
	Wages (in 000'F	351	10-20	20-3	30 3	0-40	40-50	50-60	60-7	70 7	0-80	
	Number of wor		4	6		20	30	18	12		5	
			-	1	01							
Q.2(B)	Find the bowley'	s coeff	icient c	of skev	vness	from	the follo	owing da	ata			10M
	Wages (in Rs.)	100	200	30	0 4	400	500	600	700	800)	
	No. of Workers	12	30	65		80	92	58	12	3		
										12001201200		
Q.3(A)	A random sampl and Accounts are		_									s 10M
	Economics	80	55	60	73	40	90	70	66	75	58	
	Accounts	90	60	75	65	50	80	100	85	67	70	
	riccounts			,,,		1 30	1 00	1 200 1	05	07	1,0	
					OF	R						
Q.3(B)	You are given the	follov	ving da	ta								10M
							X	Y				
		Mear		vistic	n		36	85 8				
			dard De			hetwo	en X an		66			
	Find the two regr	L								Y=75		

Q.4(A)

10M

A business man goes to hotels X,Y,Z, 20%, 50%, 30% of the time respectively. It is known that 5%, 4%,8% of the rooms in X,Y,Z hotels have faulty plumbing. What is the probability that business man's room having faulty plumbing is assigned to i) Hotel X ii) Hotel Y

OR

Q.4(B) A random variable X has the following probability distribution:

10M

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(X)	0	К	2K	2K	3K	K	5K	K

Determine:

(i) K value

(ii) P[X>4]

(iii) Mean

(iv) Variance

(v) Cumulative distribution function

Q.5(A) The average number of accidents in a factory per year is 1.5. Determine the 10M probability that the number of accidents are

i) At most one

ii) At least one

iii) Exactly 2.

OR

Q.5(B) The weekly wages of 1000 workers are normally distributed around a mean of Rs. 800 and Standard deviation of Rs. 30. Estimate the number of workers whose weekly wages will be

(i) between Rs 780 and Rs 820

(ii) below Rs.780

(iii) above Rs 820

Q.6 Case Study 10M

Ten competitors in a beauty contest are ranked by three judges in the following order. Determine which pair of judges has the nearest approach to common taste in beauty.

1 st Judge	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8
2 nd Judge	3	5	8	4	7	10	2	1	6	9
3 rd Judge	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7

END